



Distributed Sovereign AI Infrastructure Nodes Technology

— Securing Germany's Digital Future Through Distributed Sovereign AI Infrastructure —

FINANCIAL MODEL OVERVIEW



BUILDING THE SOVEREIGN AI INFRASTRUCTURE
FOUNDATION FOR EUROPE'S DIGITAL FUTURE



LONG-TERM VALUE.
RECURRING REVENUE.
SOVEREIGN FUTURE.



SOVEREIGN
INFRASTRUCTURE



RECURRING
REVENUE STREAMS



SCALABLE
GROWTH



SUSTAINABLE
& EFFICIENT



SECURE &
RESILIENT



DISTRIBUTED
NETWORK

DEMONSTRATOR NODE 01



BEDBURG-HAU,
GERMANY



2 MW IT LOAD
(EXPANDABLE TO 6 MW)



~ €43 MILLION
ESTIMATED CAPEX



PUE ≤ 1.20
TARGET



DIRECT-TO-CHIP
LIQUID COOLING



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A DISTRIBUTED NETWORK.
A SOVEREIGN FUTURE.
A STRONGER EUROPE.

DSAINTE FINANCIAL MODEL OVERVIEW

Distributed Sovereign AI Infrastructure Nodes Technology

Concept Development Document

Tagline:

Securing Germany's Digital Future Through Distributed Sovereign AI Infrastructure

Disclaimer

Concept Development Document – not an offer of securities or investment solicitation.

The financial figures presented in this document are conceptual estimates intended for strategic planning and discussion purposes. Actual project costs, revenues, financing structures, and operational performance will be subject to future feasibility studies, engineering assessments, market conditions, and regulatory approvals.

Executive Summary

DSAINTE (Distributed Sovereign AI Infrastructure Nodes Technology) is designed around a long-term infrastructure ownership model rather than ownership of rapidly depreciating computing hardware.

The financial model focuses on creating durable infrastructure assets capable of generating recurring revenue through infrastructure leasing, facility operations, power delivery, cooling services, security services, and connectivity services.

The model is structured to support sustainable growth from Demonstrator Node 01 in Bedburg-Hau, Germany, toward a distributed European network of sovereign AI infrastructure facilities.

Financial Strategy

Core Principle

Own the Infrastructure

DSAINTE seeks to own and operate:

- Land
- Data Center Facilities
- Power Infrastructure
- Cooling Infrastructure
- Security Infrastructure
- Connectivity Infrastructure

This approach creates long-term asset value and recurring revenue opportunities independent of specific generations of AI hardware.

Demonstrator Node 01

Location

Bedburg-Hau, Germany

Initial IT Capacity

2 MW

Expansion Capacity

Up to 6 MW

Target Classification

Tier III Equivalent

Cooling Technology

Direct-to-Chip Liquid Cooling

Target PUE

≤ 1.20

Estimated Capital Expenditure (CAPEX)

Category	Estimated Cost
Land Acquisition & Site Preparation	€4.5M
AI Infrastructure Core Building	€11.5M
Electrical Infrastructure	€7.0M

Category	Estimated Cost
Cooling Systems	€6.5M
Administration Building	€2.5M
Maintenance & Storage Building	€1.8M
Security Infrastructure	€1.8M
Geothermal BTES System	€1.8M
Engineering & Permitting	€3.3M
Contingency Reserve	€2.0M
Total Estimated CAPEX	~ €43M

Estimated Annual Operating Expenditure (OPEX)

Category	Annual Cost
Personnel & Operations	€1.8M
Facility Maintenance	€0.9M
Security Operations	€0.7M
Administrative Expenses	€0.6M
Insurance & Compliance	€0.4M
Connectivity & IT Operations	€0.5M
Energy Infrastructure Operations	€1.1M
Sustainability Programs	€0.2M
Contingency Reserve	€0.3M
Total Estimated Annual OPEX	~ €6.5M

Revenue Model

DSAINTE generates value through long-term infrastructure services rather than direct AI model development.

Revenue Stream 1

Infrastructure Leasing

Customers lease AI-ready infrastructure space.

Potential customers:

- AI companies
- Cloud providers
- Research institutions
- Universities
- Government agencies

Revenue Characteristics:

- Long-term contracts
 - Stable recurring cash flow
 - Scalable occupancy growth
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Revenue Stream 2

Power Delivery Services

Provision of secure and redundant power infrastructure.

Revenue Characteristics:

- Capacity-based billing
 - Infrastructure service fees
-

Revenue Stream 3

Cooling Services

Advanced liquid cooling infrastructure.

Revenue Characteristics:

- Consumption-based charges
 - Premium efficiency services
-

Revenue Stream 4

Facility Operations

Comprehensive operational support services.

Revenue Characteristics:

- Service agreements
 - Recurring operational revenue
-

Revenue Stream 5

Security Services

Physical and operational security services.

Revenue Characteristics:

- Long-term service contracts
-

Revenue Stream 6

Connectivity Services

Carrier-neutral network infrastructure.

Revenue Characteristics:

- Monthly recurring revenue
 - Network service fees
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Illustrative Revenue Projection

Year	Estimated Revenue
Year 1	€2M
Year 2	€6M
Year 3	€12M
Year 4	€18M
Year 5	€24M
Year 6	€30M
Year 7	€36M
Year 8	€42M
Year 9	€48M
Year 10	€55M+

Illustrative scenario based on progressive capacity utilization and service adoption.

Expansion Investment Strategy

Phase 1

2026

Demonstrator Node 01

Bedburg-Hau, Germany

Investment:

€43M

Phase 2

2028

Three German Nodes

Network Investment:

€120M – €150M

Phase 3

2032

Six German Nodes

Network Investment:

€250M – €350M

Phase 4

2036

Twelve Core Nodes

Network Investment:

€500M+

Phase 5

2040

European Expansion Network

Potential Multi-Billion Euro Infrastructure Platform

Financing Structure

Potential funding sources may include:

Founder Capital

Initial project development funding.

Strategic Investors

Infrastructure and technology investors.

Municipal Partnerships

Regional development cooperation.

Public Funding Programs

European and national digital infrastructure initiatives.

Infrastructure Financing

Long-term project financing structures.

Green & Sustainability Financing

Energy-efficient infrastructure programs.

Asset Value Creation

The DSAINT financial model emphasizes:

Long Asset Lifetimes

Infrastructure assets may remain operational for decades.

Recurring Revenue

Predictable cash-flow generation.

Infrastructure Appreciation

Strategic digital infrastructure assets may increase in value over time.

Network Effects

Each additional node strengthens the overall platform.

Sustainability Economics

Potential economic benefits include:

- Reduced cooling costs through liquid cooling
- Lower energy consumption
- Waste heat utilization
- Geothermal thermal balancing
- Improved operating efficiency

These measures contribute to lower long-term operating costs and enhanced environmental performance.

Key Financial Strengths

Infrastructure Ownership

Long-term tangible asset base.

Scalable Growth

Modular node expansion strategy.

Diversified Revenue Streams

Multiple independent service revenues.

Strategic Demand

Growing demand for sovereign AI infrastructure.

Energy Efficiency

Reduced operational costs.

European Digital Sovereignty

Alignment with long-term strategic priorities.

Long-Term Vision

By 2040, DSAINT aims to establish a distributed European sovereign AI infrastructure platform supporting:

- Government workloads
- Industrial AI
- Research computing
- Sovereign cloud services
- Critical digital infrastructure

while generating sustainable long-term value through infrastructure ownership and operation.

Conclusion

DSAINT's financial model is built upon a simple principle:

Own the infrastructure that powers the future AI economy.

By focusing on durable infrastructure assets, recurring revenue streams, energy-efficient operations, and distributed network expansion, DSAINT seeks to create a scalable and resilient platform supporting Europe's digital future.

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DSAINT

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